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IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1261

BY COMMERCE AND HUMAN RESOURCES COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS; AMENDING SECTION 54-1202, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE TERMS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 54-1215, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING LICENSE STATUS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 54-1216, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING LICENSE EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL; AMEND-ING SECTION 54-1220, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT THE BOARD SHALL HAVE JURISDICTION OVER LICENSEES AND CERTIFICATE HOLDERS WHOSE LICENSES AND CERTIFICATES ARE NOT CURRENT AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; REPEAL-ING SECTION 54-1221, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO REISSUANCE OF LICENSES AND WALL CERTIFICATES; AMENDING CHAPTER 12, TITLE 54, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 54-1221, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR REISSUANCE OF WALL LICENSES AND CERTIFICATES; AMENDING SECTION 54-1227, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH CERTAIN PROVISIONS REGARDING LAND SURVEY MONUMENTS AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; REPEALING SECTION 54-1231, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO ASSESSMENT OF DAMAGES FOR ENTRY; REPEALING SECTION 54-1232, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO TENDER OF DAMAGES FOR ENTRY; REPEALING SECTION 54-1233, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO COSTS OF ASSESSMENT OF DAM-AGES; AMENDING SECTION 55-1603, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE AN EXCEPTION TO THE DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC LAND SURVEY CORNER" AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL COR-RECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 55-1604, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING FILING REQUIREMENTS; AMENDING SECTION 55-1607, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE A PROVISION REGARDING RECORDKEEPING; AND AMENDING SECTION 55-1608, IDAHO CODE, TO SPECIFY CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS REGARDING THE ES-TABLISHMENT AND REHABILITATION OF MONUMENTS.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 54-1202, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 54-1202. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, unless the context or subject matter requires otherwise:
- (1) "Authoritative" means certified by a professional land surveyor in accordance with established principles of professional land surveying when used to describe products, processes, applications or data resulting from the practice of professional land surveying.
- (2) "Benchmark" means a material object, natural or artificial, whose elevation is referenced to an adopted datum.
- (3) "Board" means the Idaho board of licensure of professional engineers and professional land surveyors, hereinafter provided by this chapter.
- (4) "Business entity" means a corporation, professional corporation, limited liability company, professional limited liability company, general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, profes-

sional limited liability partnership or any other form of business except a sole proprietorship.

- (5) "Consulting engineer" means a professional engineer whose principal occupation is the independent practice of professional engineering; whose livelihood is obtained by offering engineering services to the public; who is devoid of public, commercial and product affiliation that might tend to infer a conflict of interest; and who is cognizant of his public and legal responsibilities, and is capable of discharging them.
- (6) "Engineer" means a person who is qualified to practice engineering by reason of his special knowledge and use of mathematical, physical and engineering sciences, and the principles and methods of engineering analysis and design, acquired by professional education and engineering experience.
- (7) "Engineer intern" means a person who has qualified for, taken and passed an examination in the fundamentals of engineering subjects as provided in this chapter.
- (8) "Land surveyor intern" means a person who has qualified for, taken and passed an examination in the fundamentals of surveying subjects as provided in this chapter.
- (9) "Professional boundary land survey" means land surveying services performed by a land surveyor licensed by this chapter and includes establishing, reestablishing, marking, or locating the corners or lines of:
 - (a) Property boundaries;
 - (b) The public land survey system;
 - (c) Rights-of-way;
 - (d) Easements;

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- (e) Lease areas; or
- (f) Other interests in real property.
- (10) "Professional engineer" means a person who has been duly licensed as a professional engineer by the board under this chapter.
- (101) "Professional engineering" and "practice of professional engineering" mean any service or creative work offered to or performed for the public for any project physically located in this state, such as consultation, investigation, evaluation, planning, designing, design coordination, teaching upper division engineering design subjects, and responsible charge of observation of construction in connection with any public or private utilities, structures, buildings, machines, equipment, processes, works or projects or to certify elevation information, wherein the public welfare or the safeguarding of life, health, or property is concerned or involved, when such service requires the application of engineering principles and data. A person shall be construed to practice or offer to practice professional engineering within the meaning and intent of this chapter who practices or offers to practice any of the branches of the profession of engineering for the public for any project physically located in this state or who, by verbal claim, sign, advertisement, letterhead, card, or in any other way, represents himself to be a professional engineer or through the use of some other title implies that he is a professional engineer or that he is licensed under this chapter, or holds himself out as able to perform or who does perform for the public for any project physically located in this state, any engineering service or work or any other service designated by the practitioner which is the practice of professional engineering.

- (1 ± 2) (a) "Professional land surveying" and "practice of professional land surveying" mean responsible charge of authoritative land surveying services using sciences such as mathematics, geodesy and photogrammetry and involving:
 - (i) The making of geometric measurements and gathering related information pertaining to the physical or legal features of the earth, improvement on the earth, and the space above, on or below the earth; and
 - (ii) Providing, utilizing or developing the same into survey products such as graphics, data, maps, plans, reports, descriptions or projects. Professional services include acts of consultation, investigation, testimony, planning, mapping, assembling and interpreting and gathering measurements and information related to any one (1) or more of the following:
 - 1. Determining by measurement the configuration or contour of the earth's surface or the position of any fixed objects;
 - 2. Performing geodetic surveys to determine the size and shape of the earth or the position of any point on the earth;
 - 3. Locating, relocating, establishing, reestablishing or retracing property lines or boundaries of any tract of land, road, right-of-way, easement or real property lease;
 - 4. Making any survey for a division or subdivision or a consolidation of any tracts of land;
 - 5. Locating or laying out of alignments, positions or elevations in the field for the construction of fixed works;
 - 6. Determining, by the use of principles of surveying, the position for any boundary or nonboundary survey monument or reference point or for establishing or replacing any such monument or reference point;
 - 7. Certifying elevation information;
 - 8. Preparing narrative land descriptions; or
 - 9. Creating, preparing or modifying electronic or other data necessary for the performance of activities in subparagraphs 1. through 8. of this paragraph.
- (b) "Professional land surveying" and "practice of professional land surveying" shall not mean:
 - (i) Mapping or geographic information system work that is for nonauthoritative boundaries and nonauthoritative elevations;
 - (ii) Construction survey work that is unrelated to establishing vertical and horizontal project control; or
 - (iii) Construction staking of fixed works or the development and use of electronic models for machine-controlled construction that by design are unrelated to determining boundaries described in paragraph (a) (ii) 3. of this subsection.

Any person shall be construed to practice or offer to practice professional land surveying who engages in professional land surveying, or who, by verbal claim, sign, advertisement, letterhead, card, or in any other way, represents himself to be a professional land surveyor, or who represents himself as able to perform or who does perform any professional land surveying

service or work or any other service designated by the practitioner which is professional land surveying.

- $(12\underline{3})$ "Professional land surveyor" means a person who is qualified by reason of his knowledge of the principles of land surveying acquired by education and practical experience to engage in the practice of professional land surveying and who has been duly licensed as a professional land surveyor by the board under this chapter.
- (134) "Public" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership, company, government agency, institution or any other entity recognized by law.
- $(14\underline{5})$ "Responsible charge" means the control and direction of engineering work, or the control and direction of land surveying work, requiring initiative, professional skill, independent judgment and professional knowledge of the content of relevant documents during their preparation. Except as allowed under section 54-1223, Idaho Code, reviewing, or reviewing and correcting, documents after they have been prepared by others does not constitute the exercise of responsible charge.
- $(15\underline{6})$ "Retired professional engineer" or "retired professional land surveyor" means a professional licensed under this chapter who chooses to place his license in retired status indicating he is no longer practicing or offering to practice professional engineering or professional land surveying.
- (167) "Rules of professional responsibility" means those rules, if any, promulgated by the board, as authorized by the Idaho Code.
- (178) "Signature" means either: an original handwritten message identification containing the name of the person who applied it; or a digital signature, which is an electronic authentication process attached to or logically associated with an electronic document. The digital signature must be unique to the person using it; must be capable of verification; must be under the sole control of the person using it; and must be linked to a document in such a manner that the digital signature is invalidated if any data in the document is changed.
- (189) "Standard design plan" means a building, structure, equipment or facility which that is intended to be constructed or sited at multiple locations and for which some or all of the plans must be prepared by a professional engineer.
- (20) "Survey monuments used as control" means any monument marking, referencing, or used as a witness for a line or corner in any professional boundary land survey as defined in subsection (9) of this section.
- SECTION 2. That Section 54-1215, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 54-1215. LICENSE -- SEALS -- INTERN CERTIFICATES. (1) The board shall issue a license upon payment of the fee as provided for in this chapter to any applicant who, in the opinion of the board, has satisfactorily met all of the requirements of this chapter for licensure as a professional engineer or professional land surveyor, and a certificate shall be issued to those who qualify as an engineer intern or a land surveyor intern. In the case of a professional engineer, the license shall authorize the practice of "professional land surveyor, the license shall authorize the practice of "professional land surveying." Li-

censes shall show the full name of the licensee, shall give a license number, and shall be signed by the chairman and the secretary of the board under seal of the board.

- (2) The issuance of a license by the board shall be prima facie evidence that the person named therein is entitled to all the rights, privileges and responsibilities of a licensed professional engineer or of a licensed professional land surveyor, provided that said license has not expired or has not been retired, suspended, or revoked.
- suant to section 54-1214(5), Idaho Code, eEach licensee hereunder shall, upon licensure, obtain a seal, the use and design of which are described below. It shall be unlawful for any person to affix or to permit his seal and signature to be affixed to any documents after the licensee of the licensee named thereon has expired or has been retired, suspended, or revoked, unless said license shall have been renewed, reinstated, or reissued, or for the purpose of aiding or abetting any other person to evade or attempt to evade any portion of this chapter.
 - (a) The seal may be a rubber stamp, crimp or electronically generated image. Whenever the seal is applied, the licensee's signature and date shall also be included. If the signature is handwritten, it shall be adjacent to or across the seal. No further words or wording is required. A facsimile signature generated by any method will not be acceptable unless accompanied by a digital signature.
 - (b) The seal, signature and date shall be placed on all final specifications, land surveys, reports, plats, drawings, plans, design information and calculations, whenever presented to a client or any public or governmental agency. Any such document presented to a client or public or governmental agency that is not final and does not contain a seal, signature and date shall be clearly marked as "draft," "not for construction" or with similar words to distinguish the document from a final document. In the event the final work product is preliminary in nature or contains the word "preliminary," such as a "preliminary engineering report," the final work product shall be sealed, signed and dated as a final document if the document is intended to be relied upon to make policy decisions important to the life, health, property, or fiscal interest of the public.
 - (c) The seal and signature of the licensee and date shall be placed on all original documents in such a manner that such seal, signature and date are reproduced when the original document is copied. The application of the licensee's seal and signature and the date shall constitute certification that the work thereon was done by him or under his responsible charge. Each plan or drawing sheet shall be sealed and signed and dated by the licensee or licensees responsible for each sheet. In the case of a business entity, each plan or drawing sheet shall be sealed and signed and dated by the licensee or licensees involved. Copies of electronically produced documents, listed in paragraph (b) of this subsection, distributed for informational uses such as for bidding purposes or working copies, may be issued with the licensee's seal and a notice that the original document is on file with the licensee's signature and the date. The words "Original Signed By:" and "Date Original Signed:"

shall be placed adjacent to or across the seal on the electronic original. The storage location of the original document shall also be provided. Only the title page of reports, specifications and like documents need bear the seal and signature of the licensee and the date.

- (d) The seal and signature shall be used by licensees only when the work being stamped was under the licensee's responsible charge.
- (e) The design of the seal shall be as determined by the board.

 (4) The board shall issue to any applicant who, in the opinion of the board, has met the requirements of this chapter, a certificate as an engineer intern or land surveyor intern. The engineer intern or land surveyor intern certificate does not authorize the certificate holder to practice as a professional engineer or a professional land surveyor.

SECTION 3. That Section 54-1216, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 54-1216. EXPIRATIONS AND RENEWALS -- FEES. (1) Following issuance or renewal of licenses for professional engineers and professional land surveyors, expiration shall be on Each licensee or intern shall apply for renewal by the last day of the month during which the licensee was born, in even-numbered state of Idaho fiscal years for those born in even-numbered calendar years and in odd-numbered state of Idaho fiscal years for those born in odd-numbered calendar years, and shall become invalid on that date unless renewed.
- (2) Certificates of authorization for business entities shall expire annually on the last day of the month in which the certificates were initially issued and shall become invalid on that date unless renewed. It shall be the duty of the board to notify every person licensed and every business entity certified under this chapter of the date of the expiration of said license or certificate of authorization and the amount of the fee that shall be required for its renewal. Such notice shall be mailed to the last known address of the licensee or business entity at least one (1) month in advance of the date of the expiration of said license or certificate of authorization.
- $\underline{(3)}$ Renewal shall be effective at any time in the appropriate year during the month in which the licensee was born or during the month in which the certificates were initially issued in the case of business entities, by $\underline{\text{after}}$ the payment of a renewal fee to be fixed by the board at not more than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and upon completion of any requirements for renewal required by this chapter or administrative rule.
- $\underline{(4)}$ The failure on the part of any licensee or certificate holder to renew his or its license or certificate biennially in the month in which they were born or annually in the month in which the certificates were initially issued in the case of business entities, as required above before expiration shall not deprive such person or business entity of the right of renewal, but the fee to be paid for the renewal of a license or certificate after the month in which it is due shall be increased fifty percent (50%) for each month or fraction of a month that payment of renewal is delayed; provided however, that the maximum fee for delayed renewal shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500).
- (5) Any work performed after a license or certificate of authorization has expired, but before delayed renewal has been effected, shall become

valid upon delayed renewal as if the license or certificate of authorization had not expired, but the licensee or certificate holder may be subject to disciplinary action by the board for practice on an expired license or such other action as provided pursuant to this chapter.

 Following issuance or renewal of certificates for engineer interns and land surveyor interns, expiration shall be on the last day of the month during which the certificate holder was born, in even-numbered state of Idaho fiscal years for those born in even-numbered calendar years and in odd-numbered state of Idaho fiscal years for those born in odd-numbered calendar years. The notification to holders of

(6) The renewal of intern certificates shall be processed as prescribed above in subsections (1) and (4) of this section for licensees, except that the biennial renewal fee shall not be more than thirty dollars (\$30.00). The failure on the part of any holder of a certificate intern to effect renewal shall not invalidate his status as an engineer intern or land surveyor intern, but his name shall be removed from the board's mailing list.

SECTION 4. That Section 54-1220, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 54-1220. DISCIPLINARY ACTION -- PROCEDURES. (1) Any affected party may prefer charges of fraud, deceit, gross negligence, incompetence, misconduct or violation of any provision of this chapter, or violation of any of the rules promulgated by the board, against any individual licensee or certificate holder or against any business entity holding a certificate of authorization or against a person applying for a license or against a business entity applying for a certificate of authorization. Repeated acts of negligence may be considered as a gross act for disciplinary action. Such charges shall be in writing, and shall be sworn to by the person or persons making them and shall be filed with the executive director of the board. The executive director of the board shall be considered an affected party and may be the person making and filing the charges.
- (2) All charges, unless dismissed by the board as unfounded or de minimis, or unless settled informally, shall be heard by the board within six(6) months after the date they were received at the board office unless such time is extended by the board for justifiable cause.
- (3) Administrative proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code.
- (4) If, after an administrative hearing, the board votes in favor of sustaining the charges, the board may, in its discretion, impose an administrative penalty, not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for deposit in the general fund of the state of Idaho. In addition, the board, in its discretion, may admonish, reprimand, suspend, revoke, refuse to renew, refuse to grant, or any combination thereof, the individual's license or certificate or a business entity's certificate of authorization. The board may also, in its discretion, require the individual to practice under the supervision of another licensee, or require the individual to successfully complete continuing education courses as may be prescribed by the board.
- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (4) of this section, any person who has violated the recordkeeping or continuing professional development requirements imposed by the rules of the board may, in lieu

of disciplinary proceedings under this chapter or chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, elect to pay the board a penalty in the amount of four hundred dollars (\$400) for a first-time violation. Upon successful completion of the recordkeeping or continuing professional development requirements and payment of the penalty, the violation shall not be considered disciplinary action under the provisions of this section and shall not be reported to any national disciplinary database.

(6) The board shall have jurisdiction over licensees <u>and certificate</u> <u>holders</u> whose licenses <u>and certificates</u> are not current, provided the action relates to services performed when the license was current and valid.

SECTION 5. That Section $\underline{54-1221}$, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

SECTION 6. That Chapter 12, Title 54, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 54-1221, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

54-1221. REISSUANCE OF WALL LICENSES AND CERTIFICATES. A new wall license or certificate to replace any that was previously revoked, lost, destroyed, or mutilated may be issued upon payment of ten dollars (\$10.00).

SECTION 7. That Section 54-1227, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

54-1227. SURVEYS -- AUTHORITY AND DUTIES OF PROFESSIONAL LAND SUR-VEYORS AND PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS. (1) Every licensed professional land surveyor is hereby authorized to make land surveys and it shall be the duty of each licensed professional land surveyor, whenever making any professional boundary land survey as defined in section 54-1202, Idaho Code, that is not preliminary in nature, to set permanent and reliable magnetically detectable monuments at all unmonumented corners field-located, the minimum size of which shall be one-half (1/2) inch in least dimension and two (2)feet long iron or steel rod unless special circumstances preclude use of such monument; and such monuments must be permanently marked with the license number of the professional land surveyor responsible for placing the monument. Professional engineers qualified and duly licensed pursuant to this chapter may also perform those nonboundary surveys necessary and incidental to the work customarily performed by them., or a metallic post or pipe one (1) inch in least dimension and two (2) feet long with minimum wall thickness of nominal one-eighth (1/8) inch, or other more substantial monuments designed specifically for use as a survey monument. Such monuments must be substantially in the ground, stable, and permanently marked with the license number of the professional land surveyor responsible for placing the monument.

- (2) Where special circumstances preclude use of such monuments, the professional land surveyor must place an alternate, stable, permanent monument that is magnetically detectable and marked with the license number of the professional land surveyor placing the monument.
- (3) Where the corner position cannot be monumented due to special circumstances, the professional land surveyor must establish reference monuments or a witness corner and mark them as such.

(4) Any found nonmagnetically detectable monument must be remonumented with a magnetically detectable monument compliant with subsections (1) through (3) of this section.

- SECTION 8. That Section 54-1231, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- 9 SECTION 9. That Section 54-1232, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
 - SECTION 10. That Section 54-1233, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
 - SECTION 11. That Section 55-1603, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 55-1603. DEFINITIONS. Except where the context indicates a different meaning, terms used in this chapter shall be defined as follows:
 - (1) "Accessory to a corner" means any exclusively identifiable physical object whose spatial relationship to the corner is recorded. Accessories may be bearing trees, bearing objects, monuments, reference points, line trees, pits, mounds, charcoal-filled bottles, steel or wooden stakes, or other objects.
 - (2) "Benchmark" means a material object, natural or artificial, whose elevation is referenced to an adopted datum.
 - (3) "Board" means the board of licensure of professional engineers and professional land surveyors.
 - (4) "Control survey" means a survey that provides horizontal or vertical position data for the support or control of subordinate surveys or for mapping.
 - (5) "Corner," unless otherwise defined, means a property corner, or a property controlling corner, or a public land survey corner, or any combination of these.
 - (6) "Establish" means to determine the position of a corner either physically or mathematically.
 - (7) "Monument" means a physical structure that occupies the exact position of a corner.
 - (8) "Professional land surveyor" means any person who is authorized by the laws of this state to practice land surveying.
 - (9) "Property controlling corner" for a property means a public land survey corner, property corner, reference point or witness corner that controls the location of one (1) or more of the property corners of the property in question.
 - (10) "Property corner" means a geographic point on the surface of the earth, and is on, a part of, and controls a property line.
 - (11) "Public land survey corner" means any point actually established and monumented in an original survey or resurvey that determines the boundaries of remaining public lands, or public lands patented, represented on

an official plat and in the field notes thereof, accepted and approved under authority delegated by congress to the U.S. general land office $\underline{\text{(GLO)}}$ and the U.S. department of interior, bureau of land management. This excludes GLO-surveyed townsite lot corners, except those marking exterior angle points or block corners within the townsite.

- (12) "Reference point" means a special monumented point that does not occupy the same geographical position as the corner itself, and where the spatial relationship to the corner is recorded, and which serves to locate the corner.
- (13) "Witness corner" means a monumented point on a lot line or boundary line of a survey, near a corner, and established in situations where it is impracticable to occupy or monument the corner.
- SECTION 12. That Section 55-1604, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

55-1604. FILING REQUIREMENTS. A professional land surveyor shall complete, sign, and file with the county clerk and recorder of the county where the corner is situated, a written record of the establishment or restoration, reestablishment, or rehabilitation of a corner monument and its accessories. This record shall be known as a "corner record" and such a filing shall be made for every public land survey corner, center one-quarter (1/4) corner, and accessory to such corner which is established, reestablished, monumented, remonumented, restored, rehabilitated, perpetuated or used as control in any survey. The survey information shall be filed within ninety (90) days after the survey is completed, unless the corner and its accessories are substantially as described in an existing corner record filed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

In lieu of filing as heretofore provided, corner records may be recorded by photographic process electronically in those counties which that have such facilities.

SECTION 13. That Section 55-1607, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 55-1607. COUNTY CLERK TO KEEP RECORD -- FEES. (a) The county clerk and recorder of the county containing the corner shall receive the completed corner record and preserve it in the same manner as any other recorded instruments. Proper indexes shall be kept of such corner records by section, township and range.
- (b) The county clerk and recorder shall make these records available for public inspection during all usual office hours.
- (c) For purposes of determining the filing fee hereunder, the corner record shall be considered as a similar service to the filing or recording of instruments as provided in section 31-3205, Idaho Code. However, all corners, monuments and their accessories established prior to the effective date of this chapter, for which a written record is completed as required herein, and which are offered for filing or recording within six (6) months of the effective date of this chapter, shall be accepted and filed by the county clerk without requiring the payment of fees therefor.

SECTION 14. That Section 55-1608, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 55-1608. PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR TO RECONSTRUCT ESTABLISH OR REHABILITATE MONUMENTS. (1) In every case where a corner record of a survey corner is required to be filed or recorded under the provisions of this chapter, the professional land surveyor must reconstruct or rehabilitate the monument of such corner, and accessories to such corner or remonument any corner in accordance with subsection (2) of this section. Where the corner position is monumented with a stable, permanent, substantial, accessible, magnetically detectable, and uniquely identifiable monument, a new monument will not be required. The professional land surveyor must also recover, establish, or rehabilitate a minimum of three (3) accessories to such corner where practicable. Where the professional land surveyor determines accessories are impracticable, an explanation shall be included on the corner record.
- (2) Any monument set shall conform to the provisions of section 54-1227, Idaho Code, and shall be surmounted with a cap of such material and size that can be permanently and legibly marked as prescribed by the manual of surveying instructions issued by the United States department of the interior, bureau of land management, including the license number of the professional land surveyor responsible for placing the monument. Monuments shall be marked such that measurements between them may be made to the nearest one-tenth (0.1) foot. If the monument is set by a public officer, it shall be marked by an appropriate official designation. Where it is impracticable to monument a corner due to situations beyond the professional land surveyor's control, reference points or a witness corner shall be recovered or established. The professional land surveyor must also document the reason the monument cannot be set, the method of establishing the corner location, and the presence of any found or set reference point or witness corner on his corner record and record of survey or plat.
- When nonmetallic corner monuments were set in a survey conducted by an agency of the United States government, the corner location shall be remonumented with a monument conforming to the provisions of section 54-1227, Idaho Code, and shall be surmounted with a cap of such material and size that can be permanently and legibly marked as prescribed by the manual of surveying instructions issued by the United States department of the interior, bureau of land management, including the license number of the professional land surveyor responsible for placing the monument. Monuments shall be marked such that measurements between them may be made to the nearest one-tenth (0.1) foot. Where closing corners that are not on or controlling for the line closed upon were set in any government survey authorized by the congress of the United States and the true point of intersection of the pertinent lines is controlling in a survey, resurvey, or subdivision of a section, the true point of intersection shall be monumented with a monument conforming to subsection (2) of this section. Any professional land surveyor establishing such a monument shall prepare and file a corner record for the true point of intersection monument, including any evidence related to and the pedigree of the original closing corner. If found, the original closing corner monument position must be remonumented as an amended monument in accordance with subsection (2) of this section.